



Gordon H. Copp

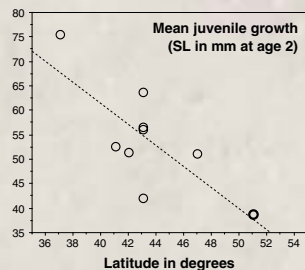
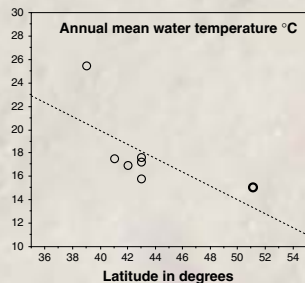
GEOGRAPHICAL PATTERNS IN EUROPE OF LIFE HISTORY TRAITS OF THE INTRODUCED NORTH AMERICAN SUNFISH, PUMPKINSEED *Lepomis gibbosus*

by Gordon H. Copp¹, Michael G. Fox² and Vladimír Kováč³



Growth and temperature patterns

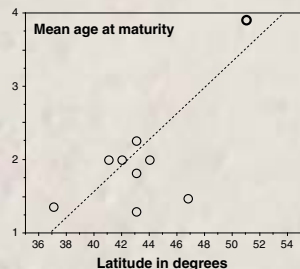
- Mean juvenile growth and annual mean water temperature increase with increasing latitude



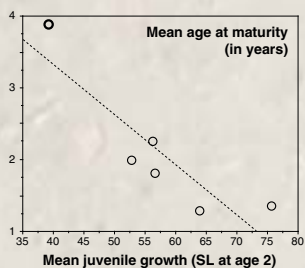
- Juvenile & age-specific growth of English population lowest in Europe
- Generalised condition (regression *b*) decreases with annual mean temperature but not latitude
- Age-specific condition (Fulton's) of English population lowest reported in Europe

Reproductive patterns

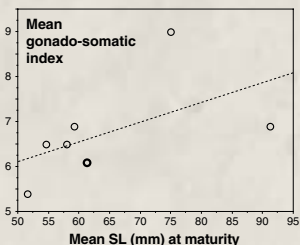
- Mean age at maturity correlates with latitude



- Mean age at maturity correlates with mean juvenile growth



- Mean GSI correlates with mean SL at maturity



Rationale

- Biogeographical patterns and life-history adaptations of non-native fishes are relevant to invasion and colonisation theory
- Pumpkinseed are good colonisers and demonstrate phenotypic plasticity in their native range
- Data on certain biological traits exist for European populations (mainly middle and southern latitudes), which can be compared with only studied UK population (thick circle in graphs)



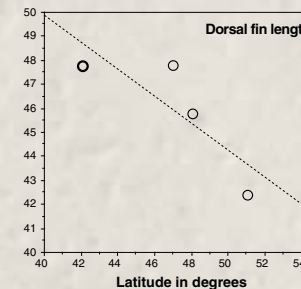
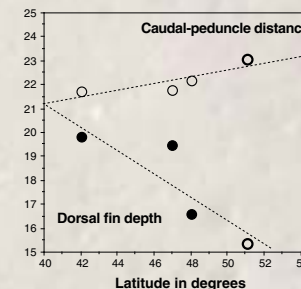
Photo source: FishBase

Summary of establishment patterns in Europe

- Invasiveness enhanced in southern locations by earlier maturity and faster juvenile growth
- Invasiveness may be reduced in northern locations by lower temperature, limited food and elevated cannibalism, which give late-maturing females an advantage
- Incremental growth rates in Europe highest in early summer, contrasting late summer peak in N.A. populations

Morphology patterns

- Some morphological characters correlate with latitude
- Some support for theory of differentiation (increasing caudal-peduncle length with increasing latitude)



Seminal references

DeMaster, D.P. 1978. Calculation of the average age of sexual maturity in marine mammals. *J. Fish. Res. Bd. Can.* **35**, 912-915.

Fox, M.G. & Crivelli, A.J. 2001. Life history traits of pumpkinseed (*Lepomis gibbosus*) populations introduced into warm thermal environments. *Arch. Hydrobiol.* **150**, 561-580.

Full references in: Copp, G.H., Fox, M.G. & Kováč, V. 2002. Growth, morphology and life history traits of a coolwater European population of pumpkinseed *Lepomis gibbosus*. *Arch. Hydrobiol.* (in press)

¹The Centre for Environment, Fisheries and Aquaculture Science (CEFAS), Lowestoft Laboratory, Pakefield Road, Lowestoft, Suffolk NR33 0HT, UK. <http://www.cefas.co.uk>

²Trent University, Peterborough, Ontario, Canada

³Comenius University, Bratislava, Slovakia